



FRENCH II SUMMER ASSIGNMENT



C'est important que vous continuiez à écrire, à écouter et à parler français pendant l'été. Je vous donnerai des activités à faire et des jeux (games) à jouer qui vous aideront à ne pas oublier votre français. N'attendez pas au mois d'août pour commencer le travail. Travaillez un peu chaque semaine!
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Mlle López

I. ONLINE GAMES

1. Immerse yourself in French. Review, have fun with the language and play some French ONLINE games. Follow this link. <http://www.education.vic.gov.au/languagesonline/french/french.htm>
You will find 35 different topics, some known, some new. Choose **10** topics and complete the activities. You will need to write the topic and the name of the online activity, the date you completed the activity and whether you like it or not. **You also need to print and complete 10 different print activities. One from each topic you played games on. The print activities need to have a written component. You need to write on it.**

French I Topics

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|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Greetings. | 14. Best friends | 26. Days and months |
| 2. My name is... | 15. Do you have a pet? | 27. Saying the date |
| 3. Numbers 1 - 10 | 16. Revision 4 | 28. The weather |
| 4. Revision 1 | 17. Animals | 29. Telling the time |
| 5. Numbers 11 - 20 | 18. Writing letters | 30. Parts of the body |
| 6. How are you? | 19. Colors. Describing hair, eyes. | 31. Clothes |
| 7. How old are you? Family members | 20. Revision 5 | 32. Modes of transport |
| 8. Revision 2 | 21. Do you like...? | 33. School items |
| 9. Where do you live? | 22. Expressions | 34. Food: Introductory vocabulary |
| 10. Ordinal numbers 1st - 10th | 23. Favorite pastimes and pets | 35. Rooms and furniture in the house |
| 11. What grade are you in? | 24. Revision 6 | |
| 12. Revision 3 | 25. Numbers 20 - 100 | |
| 13. Visiting family | | |

TOPIC	Online activity # and name	Date completed	description		Print activity
EX. Révision1	1. Chanson rap	le 10 juin 2015	song	✓	2 Evelyn and Edouard
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					

II. SPEAKING ASSIGNMENTS:

“Présentez-vous/ Introduce yourself ”

Be prepared to speak in French when you get back. Imagine you are at summer camp and you are introducing yourself to the other members of the camp. Include your name, age, birthday, family members, best friends, favorite school subjects, things you like and thing you don't like **etc**,

You will not use any type of notes for this.

PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT. Practice speaking in French in front of the mirror or practice with a French classmate.

III. Grammar: VERB REVIEW

If you have your French Notes review them before the beginning of the year. At this stage, you should be comfortable with the following verbs: **ÊTRE, AVOIR, ALLER, and FAIRE**. Know the conjugations, the meaning and the usage of these 4 major verbs.

In addition, spend some time this summer reviewing the 3 types of verbs –**ER verbs, -IR verbs and -RE verbs**. Feel free to use notes and the internet to review. You can expect a verb test on the **6th** day of school. I have included a list of verbs for you to review. **Scroll down to review!**

VERBS I NEED TO KNOW ***TO SUCCEED*** IN FRENCH!!!

<p>Être (to be)</p> <p>Je suis nous sommes Tu es vous êtes Il est ils sont Elle est elles sont</p> <p>* do not use with age, thirst or hunger</p>	<p>AVOIR (to have)</p> <p>J' ai nous avons Tu as vous avez Il a ils ont Elle a elles ont</p> <p>* AVOIR is a very important verb. It is used with many idiomatic expressions that use <u>to be</u> in English. Use the forms of AVOIR to express your age, thirst and hunger.</p>
<p>FAIRE (to do/to make)</p> <p>Je fais nous faisons Tu fais vous faites Il fait ils font Elle fait elles font</p>	<p>ALLER (to go)</p> <p>Je vais nous allons Tu vas vous allez Il va ils vont Elle va elles vont</p>

IDIOMATIC EXPRESSIONS: know the meaning of these phrases.

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • être d'accord - to agree • être en retard -to be late • être à l'heure -to be on time | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • être en colère -to be mad • être en avance - to be early |
|--|---|

Although the verb “to be” is used in English to refer to certain physical conditions, in French you express the same thought by combining the verb **avoir** (to have) with a noun.

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|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • avoir soif - to be thirsty • avoir faim - to be hungry • avoir ans - to be __ years old • avoir chaud - to be hot • avoir froid - to be cold | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • avoir sommeil - to be sleepy • avoir de la chance- - to be lucky • avoir raison -to be right • avoir tort - -to be wrong |
|---|---|

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • faire une promenade – to go for a walk • faire attention - to pay attention • faire un voyage – to go on a trip | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • faire du vélo - to go bicycle riding • faire la cuisine – to do the cooking • faire les devoirs - to do homework |
|--|---|

Aller is often used with places. (forms of à)

Je vais **à** l'école. Nous allons **au** cinéma. Elle va **à la** plage Ils vont **aux** musées.

Aller is used with infinitives or verbs to express the near future. (aller + infin itive)

Je **vais manger** à 7h.

Nous **allons danser** ce soir.

Elle **va faire** du vélo.

Les verbes réguliers : -ER, -IR et en -RE

There are three types of verbs in French, those ending in -ER, which we already know, and those that end in -IR and -RE. These 3 types of verbs have 3 different sets of endings. **YOU NEED TO LEARN THEIR MEANING AND MEMORIZE THEIR ENDINGS!!!**

Use the internet to find the meanings!

-ER verbs (new)

1. donner
2. oublier
3. marcher
4. laver
5. gagner
6. enseigner
7. casser
8. pleurer
9. chercher
10. aider
11. demander
12. monter
13. penser
14. traverser

- IR verbs

1. obéir
2. atterrir
3. finir
4. choisir
5. grossir
6. grandir
7. maigrir
8. remplir
9. réussir
10. réussir un examen
11. rougir
12. punir
13. vieillir

-RE verbs

1. attendre
2. descendre
3. entendre
4. perdre
5. répondre à
6. rendre visite à
7. interrompre
8. mordre
9. défendre

10. vendre

laver - to wash

je	lave
tu	laves
il/ elle	lave
nous	lavons
vous	lavez
ils/ elles	lavent

choisir - to choose

je	choisis
tu	choisis
il/ elle	choisit
nous	choisissons
vous	choisissez
ils/ elles	choissent

vendre- to sell

je	vends
tu	vends
il/elle	vend
nous	vendons
vous	vendez
ils/ elles	vendent